Please, Thank You, and You’re Welcome! (10 pts.)

*(the magic words, in any language)*

When you make new acquaintances, and even new friends, in your host country, it is important that you treat **everyone** you meet with respect and courtesy, in order to establish a good rapport (huh?) and to make a good impression as an American in your host country.

Here is your task:

**First, log on to: www.survivalphrases.com**

**Second, select the language of your culture.**

**Third, find the lesson for “Getting What You Want” or search for “Please,” etc. (Lesson #1)**

**Then, download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “PleaseLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. How do you say “Please” in your host culture?

qing

2. Are there any other ways to say “Please”? When are they used? List them here:

Qing gei wo means please give me. Qing gei wo zhege means please give me this. Qing qei won age means please give me that.

3. Are there any special situations where the word or phrase for “Please” can be used? (hint: check for “Quick Tips”)

You can using this when shopping at local places with no price tags so you can haggle over the price.

***(continue on to do the lesson on “Thank you.”) ↓***

**Find the lesson for “Thank you.” (Lesson #2)**

**Then, download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “ThankYouLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. What is the expression for “Thank you.” In your host culture?

Xie Xie

2. Name at least three situations where you should respond with “Thank you” in your host culture:

You can use this when you are getting directions, when you have received a meal, or when you purchase something.

3. Are there any other special expressions for special situations? What are they? For example, are there sometimes when you need to be more respectful? Does it depend upon whether you know the person or not?

If you want to be more formal, you can say xie xie nin instead of just xie xie. You can also say duo xie if you want to say thank you very much.

4. How do you express a degree of thankfulness in your host culture (for example, “Thank you very much!)?

Duo xie and wo hen gan xie.

***(continue on to do the lesson on “You’re welcome!”) ↓***

**Find the lesson for “You’re welcome!” (Lesson #3)**

**Then, download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “You’reWelcomeLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. Is there a universal (appropriate for all situations) way to say “You’re welcome!” in your host country? What is it?

Yes, Bu yong xie.

What are some of the situations where you can use it? (hint: check “Quick Tips”)

2. Is there a more formal way to say “You’re welcome!” in your host country? What is it?

No, there is no other formal way.

3. What are any other ways to say “You’re welcome!”?

Mei shi, bu yong xie, and bu keqi.

***(Looking ahead: Your next lesson will be on how to introduce yourself and to ask for someone else’s name).***